The Past, Present and Future of the Passage Assessment Database, a Tool for Stream Habitat **Connectivity Restoration via the Publicly Available CalFish Website**

Overview:

The Passage Assessment Database (PAD) is an ongoing map-based inventory of fish passage assessments related to anadromous fish passage in California, compiled and maintained through a cooperative interagency agreement. It is an important tool for determining and tracking the outcomes of passage improvement projects.

The PAD compiles and standardizes data from more than two hundred agencies, organizations, landowners and individuals.

History of the PAD:

The PAD was developed in 2002 with guidance from the Fish Passage Forum. It was initially funded by the Coastal Conservancy and has subsequently been funded by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and NOAA Fisheries. At the end of the Coastal Conservancy funding in March 2003, there were 3,328 known barriers. As of today there are 6,036 known barriers and 549 barrier remediations in the PAD. The PAD has the same structure and fields since its inception, however new fields and tables have been added to capture upstream miles, miles to the next man-made barrier, number of man-made barriers on a stream, species and life stage, road information, and water rights.

Information Captured in the PAD:

- 14 Types of Barriers including
- Road crossing (6772)
- Dam (3225)
- □ Log jam (396) ■ Other (147)
- Unknown (105)
- Fish passage facility (63)
- Flow measurement weir (24)
- □ Fish trap (8)

Additional Information:

- Removed barriers and screened diversions
- Structures where status of the barrier to fish passage is not known
- Sites known not to be a barrier to fish passage
- Limits to anadromy

Current Status of PAD:

Fish Passage Status	Number of Records
Total Barrier	1.959
Partial Barrier	1,469
Temporal Barrier	1,089
Temporal and Partial Barrier	120
Temporal and Total Barrier	32
Unknown Passage Status	4,403
Unassessed	1,832
Unscreened Diversion	4,992
Screened Diversion	356
Natural Total Barrier	1,312
Natural Partial Barrier	232
Not a Barrier	1376
Remediated, Fish Response	416
Unconfirmed	710
Total	19,588

■ Unscreened water diversion (5286) ■ Natural barrier (2767)

- Grade control (169) ■ Flood control channel (109)
- Tidegate (91)
- Utility crossing (60)
- Gravel/borrow pits (10)
- Accomplishments over the past year:
- 322 new PAD records
- 3,777 updated PAD record (most of these include corrected locations)

What's New to PAD?

> New form for providing updates:

http://www.calfish.org/portals/0/Programs/FishPassage/ProvideUpdatesToPad.pd

> New excel spreadsheet for providing multiple updates at once to the PAD:

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- > New PAD standards making the data more robust. The new standards define C Assurance and Quality Control procedures for reducing duplicate records and ba incorrectly located, and define who passage status is determined by.
- The new standards affect:
- 1. Removed barriers
- 2. New PAD records
- 3. Locations of barriers
- 4. Barrier status designations
- Therefore, we would like:
- 1. Fish presence evidence (i.e., photos, fish counts) after barrier removal. In absence of fish presence evidence after barrier removal, passage status is as 'Remediated, fish response unconfirmed'.
- 2. Site visits of barriers to determine that they still exist prior to entering them in the database.
- 3. Description of location if latitude or longitude isn't accurate. The description include distance (in feet and direction) to the coordinates including nearby landmarks.
- 4. Barrier status from a fish passage professional. Partial and total barriers will recorded in the PAD if they were received by a fish passage professional. Otherwise, these barriers will be recorded as unknown passage status until passage professional is sought for expertise.
- In the near future, the new standards will be implemented for all existing records. user will be able to search for records using the new PAD standards.

> New fields added to the PAD Data Portal including X and Y coordinates.



Before and after photos of a 2011 remediated barrier on Conner Creek, tributary to Trinity River, in Trinity County.

e	Form for providing updates to the Passage Assessment Database (PAD), February 2013 Send to: Anne Elston, PAD Administrator, <u>Anne.Elston@wildlife.ca.gov</u>										
	I. Contact Information										
	Title: Phone:										
	Agency: Email:										
	II. Type of Information New barrier Undate 										
de	III. Location										
us	Stream name: Tributary to: Latitude: Longitude: Datum:										
	Are the coordinates If the coordinates aren't accurate, please explain where the barrier is located (i.e., distance)										
	accurate (i.e., taken at (in feet) downstream and side of the bank looking downstream): the barrier)?										
	□Yes □No										
	Noact Fource/name. Ivinepost: Photo(s)?										
	downstream, before and after removal, photo of fish species upstream after removal):										
	Land owner: Structure owner:										
	IV. Structure PAD ID (if known) : Date Contructed: Structure Name:										
	Structure type: Diversion Dam Ford Utility Flood control										
	$\Box Bridge \qquad \Box Log jam \Box Culvert \qquad \Box Weir \qquad \Box Tidegate$										
	$\Box \text{ Natural} \qquad \Box \text{ Gravel/borrow} \Box \text{ Grade} \qquad \Box \text{ Other}$										
	feature? pits control										
	Passage status*: □ Total □ Partial □ Temporal □ Temporal and										
	□ Unassessed □ Unknown □ Not a barrier and partial total Description:										
	Is there a fish way present? DYes DNo Status of fish way (e.g. functioning										
	<pre>> is there a rish way present. If it's Into platus of rish way (e.g., functioning , needs work, etc.):</pre>										
df	V. Survey Information Was there a survey conducted for this site? Survey date: Protocol used:										
	□Yes □No Assessed by:										
	Fish observed upstream? Ites Lino Species: Life stage:										
	Fish observeu upstream: Life stage:										
	Species blocked: Lifestage: Direction: Passage status:										
	Was permission granted by the landowner Do you have a hard copy of landowner permission? (if yes, please for site access? No Unknown										
	VI. Treatment Status and Recommendation										
	Site treated?Treatment:MonitoringUndergoingNeeds□Yes □Nocompleted²?monitoring?Monitoring?										
	$\Box Unknown \qquad \Box Yes \Box No \Box Yes \Box No \Box Yes \Box No \Box Yes \Box No$										
	Passage status after treatment : Date treated: Date removed:										
	Needs treatment? Pyes DNo Treatment recommendation:										
	Operations and \Box Yes \Box NoTitle of operations and maintenance plan:Date:Operator:										
luanty	maintance plan? Unknown VII. References and Attachments										
arriers	Reference Title: Date: Author: Attachments: DPhoto(s) DSurvey Note/Report DRestoration/Treatment Report Doperations & Maintanance										
	 Total Barrier Partial Barrier Not a Barrier Not a Barrier Remediated, Fish Response Unconfirmed Natural Total Barrier Natural Partial Barrier Screened Diversion Unscreened Diversion Unknown Passage Status Unassessed 										
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What's Coming to the PAD? New fields for capturing passage status prior to removal, party responsible for removing the barrier, species benefited from barrier removal, California Department of Transportation districts, CDFW regions, and barriers status to other anadromous species (e.g., Lamprey).

We still need more information including

- temperature barriers;
- \succ more limits to anadromy;
- \succ more barrier removal projects;
- \succ more barrier assessments;
- \succ monitoring data;

Accessibility:

The PAD Program Page includes a description of the PAD; how to access, review and submit data to the PAD; when the PAD was last updated and the frequency of updates; and contact information for more information. This page includes links to passage barrier documents and related sites, and new PAD tools (i.e., barrier removal reports).

The CalFish Map Viewer, a web-based mapping application, can be used to display passage barrier sites, and query and export specific details about individual fish barrier sites. The map viewer allows analysis of fish passage sites in relation to each other and other available aquatic datasets, in the context of the whole watershed. The interface includes the capability to print custom maps. Update frequency: quarterly



The PAD shapefile can be downloaded from CalFish's Data Downloads page. The PAD download is near the top of the Habitat/Physical tab of the Data Downloads page. Update frequency: quarterly

The PAD Data Portal is a tabular data tool used to query and export details about PAD barriers (e.g., coordinates). The tool links to reference documents and a map view of individual barriers. The data portal is hosted by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife on their webpage and can be accessed through CalFish. Update frequency: daily

Contact Information:

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Thank You!

Special thanks to CDFW's Fisheries Restoration Grants Program (FRGP) and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) for current and past funding of the PAD program. Thanks also to all previous funders and contributors to the PAD. The PAD would not be possible without the support of the CDFW's FRGP and USFWS, and agency and public input.

 \succ more information about species and life stages blocked by each barrier;

 \succ more photographs (roughly 2,000 out of 19,588 records have photographs cataloged);

> and review of unknown passage status and unassessed sites. There are currently 30% of these sites in the PAD originating from several sources including GIS data sources without passage information.

PAD can be accessed through www.calfish.org

The PAD Data Review & New Barrier Mapping Application allows editing and review of existing information for use in planning or project development efforts to improve fish passage. Once a user adds a barrier through this application, it's added to a list of other new barriers. The PAD Administrator reviews this list, verifies that it's a new barrier and adds it to the PAD. In many cases more information is needed to determine if the record is a new barrier. In this case, the data submitter is contacted prior to adding or updating information in the PAD. Once a barrier is updated or added, a PAD ID (an unique identifier) is sent to the submitter of barrier information. Update frequency: quarterly

Feedback regarding the accuracy and updates of the PAD data are welcome. For inquiries into how to understand and accurately analyze the data in PAD, or for other PAD related questions and comments please contact

Data Management Specialist for the PAD (i.e., PAD Administrator) Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission



